
CENTRAL THEFT, LIGHTOR AGENCY

OFFICE OF HATTOHAL ESTULATES

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SUBJECT: TILLS OF REFURENCE: WIE-37: LIKELIHOOD OF A SOVIET ATTACK OH JAPAN (Braft for IAC Representatives) consideration)

THE PROBLEM

To assess the likelihood of a Soviet attack on Japan during 1951.

PART OHE: SOVIET CAPABILITIES FOR LIVADING JAPAN

ASSULPTION

That Soviet and US forces in the Far Last at present will remain roughly the same for the remainder of 1951.

We believe that in assessing the likelihood of Soviet invasion of Japan, we must take into consideration the USSR's own probable evaluation of its emphilities for successful

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invasion. Therefore a realistic examination of probable

Soviet capabilities must give due consideration to the probable opposition from the US forces which the USSR knows are available or can be made available during 1951.

I. WHAT COLUMNIST FORCES ARE AVAILABLES

- Λ_o What is Soviet strength in the Far dast?
 - l. Order of battle (at divisional level), location, and combat effectiveness of ground forces?
 - 2. Strength and disposition of naval forces, merchant finet, and auxiliary forces? Capacity of Lerchant shipping?
 - 3. Order of bettle of air forces and air facilities?
- Bo Mat portion of the above forces would be available for invasion of Japan in 1951, assuming that
 Soviet forces maintain a strategic defensive along
 the Gorean Frontier? In view of logistical difficulties, the necessity of defending key strategic
 and industrial areas in the Far Mastern USSR, supporting
 Communist China, garrisoning Dairon, otc., the USSR obviously could make available only a portion of its overall strength.

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What other Commist forces might be available?

How firm do we consider the reported existence of Japanese PU troops? Would they be sufficiently reliable to be used? Would the USSR either need.

Chinese Communist ground forces or consider it politically desirable to use such forces?

II. WHAT ARE THE CAPABILITIES OF THE ABOVE FORCES, ASSULTING US OPPOSITION?

- As What are Soviet ground force capabilities for amphibious and airborne seizure of a firm lodge-ment area (s) in Japan?
- B. Would Soviet naval forces be able to (1) secure
 the contiguous waters around the invasion area;
 (2) screen a landing; and (3) protect the lines of
 communication?
- Could the Soviet air forces addove and maintain local air superiority over the beachhead, interedict the land and sea approaches, or protect

 Soviet staging bases and lines of communication?

 Since this would probably be a critical factor in

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a Soviet decision, such factors as air facilities, sortic rates, and combat offectiveness might be analyzed in detail.

D. What are Soviet capabilities, in terms of amphibious and airborne kift, for mounting and maintaining an amphibious operation of the size indicated above? How would the USSR logistically supply and resupply an invasion force, especially with POL? Are Soviet Far Eastern stockpiles adequate for the purpose and for how long? How much Soviet shipping will be necessary, with due allowance for attrition?

III. OTHER FACTORS / MRING ON SOVIET CAPABILITIES?

Mhat is the most probable invasion pattern (a) assuming the US still holds South Korea; (b) assuming US loss of Morea? Would not the overriding
necessity for land-based air cover almost require
invasion from the North at present?

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- B. What landing beaches and ports could the Soviets seize initially in order to bring in the bulk of the assault forces? Are these adequate?
- C. How would the poor weather, especially around
 Hokkaido, affect invasion prospects? When would
 be the best time of year to invade?
- D. Could the USSR expect to achieve tactical surprise?

 How much warning might the US expect to achieve and how might this affect Soviet capabilities?
- Would the UJSR estimate that possible diversions, such as a simultaneous Chinese Communist threat to or invasion of Formosa or Hong Kong, would split US air and naval forces? Hight a simultaneous Chinese Communist offensive in Korea be expected to pin down the Eighth Army and harper reinforcement of Japan?
- Fo Would the majority of Japanese actively support the US forces? Now would this affect Soviet capabilities? Now significant an increment to Soviet capabilities would be Japanese Communist subversive, sabotage, and guerrilla activities?

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IV. COULD THE USSR SUCCESSFULLY HATHTAIN AND EXPAND ITS

We consider this a crucial question on which any
Soviet estimate might well turn. Assuming the Soviet for cas
could seize a substantial beachhead, could they expand it and
occupy the remainder of Japan?

- A. How wilnerable are the long Soviet overland and somborne supply lines, including the TransSiberian, to US attack following an invasion?
- B. Could the Soviet forces expect to maintain themsalves logistically in the face of US surface
 and submarine attacks, carrier strikes, and
 other air attacks on invasion shipping, key ports,
 and rail lines, perhaps including use of atomic
 bombs?
- Go Would the USSR estimate that it could build up decisive strength in the beachhead faster than a US defensive build-up? Assuming the capture of Hokkaido, could the forces on Hokkaido be expected to invade Honshu successfully?

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Does the terrain, especially in Hokkaide and
Northern Honshu, favor the invader? Are there
matural obstacles which would facilitate the
defense of Honshu in particular against invasion
from the North?

V. HOW DOES THE KOREAN CAMPAIGN AFFECT SOVIET CAPABILITIES?

Assuming that the Chinese Communists can contain the US forces in Kerea, to what extent does US involvement in Korea make it more feasible for the USSR to invade Japan? On the other hand, to what extent would Communist seizure of Korea facilitate invasion of Japan?

VI. IN SUMMARY, CONSIDERING THE ABOVE FACTORS, HOW WOULD THE USSRESTINATE ITS CAPABILITIES TO INVALIS AND OCCUPY JAPAN?

What portions of Japan might the USBR estimate it could successfully seize and hold: Hekkaide alone, Hekkaide plus northern.

Hemahu, all of Japan, etc.?

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PART TWO: PHOBABLE SOVIET INTENTIONS

VII. WHAT ARE SOVIET OBJECTIVES HE JAPAN?

Very briefly, how does Japan fit into over-all Soviet strategy in the Far East? How important is control or neutralization of Japan to the USSR?

VIII. TO WHAT EXTENT MIGHT THE USSR HOPE TO ACHIEVE ITS OBJECTIVES BY MEANS SHORT OF EARLY INVASION?

Obviously the USSR seeks to pose a continuing threat to

Japan. Could the USSR expect by threats, subversion, program

ganda, etc. to: (1) achieve first a neutral and them a Soviete

deminated Japan; or (2) sufficiently soften Japan for attack

subsequent to 1951? Might the USSR expect the US to eventually

pull out of Japan, leaving it more exposed to the USSR?

IX. WHAT IS THE EVIDENCE -PRO AND CON - RE SOVIET INTENTIONS TO INVADE JAPAN IN 1951?

To what extent do Soviet Far Eastern preparations appear defensive rather than effensive and vice versa? To what extent do these preparations appear geared to a 1951 invasion, as opposed to later?

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- WESTERN HEACTYON TO SOVIET INVASION OF JAPAN?
 - As Would the USSS estimate that it could invade
 Japan without gravely risking a global war?
 Would it estimate that hostilities could be
 confined to the Far East?
 - E. Even if willing to accept the risk of war with the US, would the USSR estimate that it could split the US from its Allies? However, in the Soviet view might not such a development, if the USSR did not attack Western Europe, actually be unfavorable to the USSR?
 - Go Mould the USSR estimate that the US would make an all-out effort to hold Japan, including deployment of large naval and ground forces, and strategic air attacks, including atomic bombing, at least on Soviet Siberia?
 - D. What would be the Soviet estimate of the political and psychological advantages and disadvantages of an invesion in 1951?

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AI. IF THE USER ESTIMATED THAT IT COULD NOT SEIZE ALL OF JAPAN, BUT ONLY THE NORTHERN PORTION, NOW WOULD THIS AFFECT SOVIET INTENTIONS?

XII. WHAT NEW DEVELOPMENTS MIGHT SERIOUSLY AFFECT SOVIET INTENTIONS?

- A. Would the USSR probably invade Japan in event of general war beginning elsewhere in 1951?
- Bo What would be the affect of accelerated Japanese rearmament on Soviet intentions?
- Co What would be the effect on Soviet intentions of a US disaster in Kozen?
- Do Hew would Soviet intentions be affected by a de facte ex negotiated restoration of the status quo in Korea?

XIII. CONCLUSIONS

In the light of (1) the probable Soviet estimate of their ewa capabilities; (2) the probable Soviet estimate of the situation resulting from an attack on Japans and (3) overwall Soviet intentions globally as well as in the Far East, what is the likelihood of a Soviet invasion of Japan in 1953?